

ENT DISORDER TOPIC-FOREIGN BODY

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Represented

by

Gowri Mam

August 5, 2022

Outline for section

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- **Slide 3:** Pathophysiology.

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- **Slide 5:** Diagnostic evaluation.

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Definition

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Definition

- Any object or substance found in an organ or tissue in which it does not belong under normal circumstances.

Foreign body granuloma(FBG):

- localized tissue reaction to foreign body within the tissue.

Another definition

- Foreign bodies that enter the eye.
- Foreign bodies are usually tolerated expect for copper iron and vegetable materials such as those from plant or trees which may cause purulent discharge.

Etiology

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Etiology

- Anything that is inserted in the ear may get stuck and cause an ear foreign body. These things may include; ORGANIC(living or non living) or INORGANIC.
- NON-LIVING
- Sponge
- Eraser
- Paper
- Wood
- Cotton buds

Pathophysiology

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Pathophysiology

- Most foreign bodies become lodged in the bronchi.
- The right main bronchus is a more common site than the left main bronchus because of its anatomic development.
- Objects lodged in the larynx cause edema and inflammation.
- Bronchial obstruction manifests as obstructive emphysema, pneumonia or atelectasis.

Signs and symptoms

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Signs and symptoms

- Dysphagia
- Food refusal, weight loss
- Drooling, gagging
- Emesis/hematemesis
- Foreign body sensation
- Chest pain, sore throat
- stridor, cough
- Unexplained fever
- Altered mental status.

Diagnostic evaluation

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Diagnostic

- History collection
- Physical examination
- Laryngeal foreign bodies:
 - X-ray and direct laryngoscopy reveal the foreign body.
- Tracheal foreign bodies:
 - Bronchoscopy
 - Chest X-ray required to find foreign body.

Management

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Management

- Describe the symptoms children with foreign body in the ear.
- Identify the type of foreign body correctly.
- Prepare the equipment correctly.
- Differentiate the warning sign of complication.
- Plan the quality nursing care for the patient.
- Recommend health education with confident.

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